

Reserve Level Declaration Guidelines

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Version: 3.0

Effective date: 26 June 2024

Status: FINAL

Approved for distribution and use by:

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Date: 2 May 2024

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Current version release details

| Version | Effective date | Summary of changes |
|---------|----------------|--|
| 3.0 | 26 June 2024 | <p>Replacement of the Bayesian Belief Network (BBN) model with an alternate machine learning model using quantile regression (QR) in Appendix A.2, with the addition of a single input variable (Timestamp) to calculate the FUM.</p> <p>Conversion to new template and minor or administrative drafting updates for consistency and accuracy. This includes updates to references and changes to reflect semi-scheduled generator <i>available capacity</i> and 5MS impacts. Section 4 provides clarifying detail on when the largest relevant credible contingency events that affect available supply are determined.</p> <p>Changes also to reflect the National Electricity Amendment (Integrating energy storage systems into the NEM) Rule 2021 No.13 and Rule 2023 No.2, including to incorporate references to Integrated Resource Providers and bidirectional units.</p> |

Note: There is a full version history at the end of this document.

1. Introduction

1.1. Purpose and scope

These are the *reserve level declaration guidelines* made under clause 4.8.4A of the National Electricity Rules (Guidelines).

These Guidelines have effect only for the purpose of declaring lack of reserve (LOR) conditions under clause 4.8.4 of the National Electricity Rules (NER). They describe the considerations and methodology *AEMO* applies in deciding to declare an LOR condition, and the levels of LOR conditions that may be declared.

An LOR declaration alerts *Registered Participants* to a probability of *capacity reserves* being insufficient to avoid *load shedding* (other than *interruptible load*) given reasonably foreseeable conditions and events.

The NER and the National Electricity Law prevail over these Guidelines to the extent of any inconsistency.

1.2. Definitions and interpretation

1.2.1. Glossary

Terms defined in the National Electricity Law and the NER have the same meanings in these Guidelines unless otherwise specified in this section.

Terms defined in the NER are intended to be identified in these Guidelines by italicising them, but failure to italicise a defined term does not affect its meaning.

In addition, the words, phrases and abbreviations in the table below have the meanings set out opposite them when used in these Guidelines.

| Term | Definition |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Aggregate Energy Limited Capacity | Total aggregate contribution to supply from <i>scheduled generating units</i> and <i>scheduled bidirectional units</i> in the <i>region</i> for which a <i>daily energy constraint</i> has been specified in ST PASA and PD PASA submissions. The value is determined by the PASA process and considers: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • forecast <i>available capacity</i> specified by <i>Scheduled Generators</i> and <i>Scheduled Integrated Resource Providers</i>; • forecast <i>daily energy constraint</i> specified by <i>Scheduled Generators</i> and <i>Scheduled Integrated Resource Providers</i>; • optimisation of energy limited capacity through the PASA algorithm; and • <i>network</i> limitations as specified through <i>network constraint</i> equations. |
| Aggregate Non-Energy Limited Capacity | Total aggregate contribution to supply from <i>scheduled</i> and <i>semi-scheduled generating units</i> and <i>scheduled bidirectional units</i> in the <i>region</i> for which no <i>daily energy constraint</i> has been specified in ST PASA and PD PASA submissions. The value is determined by the PASA process and considers: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • forecast <i>available capacity</i> specified by <i>Scheduled Generators</i> and <i>Scheduled Integrated Resource Providers</i>; • <i>network</i> limitations as specified through <i>network constraint</i> equations; and • forecast output of <i>semi-scheduled generating units</i>. |
| Aggregate Semi-Scheduled Output | The forecast output of <i>semi-scheduled generating units</i> in the <i>region</i> . The value is determined by the PASA process and considers: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>unconstrained intermittent generation forecast</i> determined by AWEFS and ASEFS; and |

| Term | Definition |
|------------------------|---|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>network</i> limitations as specified through <i>network constraint</i> equations. • forecast <i>available capacity</i> specified by <i>Semi-Scheduled Generators</i> |
| AWEFS | Australian Wind Energy Forecasting System |
| ASEFS | Australian Solar Energy Forecasting System |
| BBN | Bayesian Belief Network |
| FUM | Forecast uncertainty measure |
| Interconnector Support | <p>The maximum <i>energy</i> supply available to a <i>region</i> from adjacent <i>regions</i> after the demand to be met from <i>supply</i> is satisfied in adjacent <i>regions</i>. The value is determined by the <i>PASA</i> process and considers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>network</i> limitations as specified through <i>network constraint</i> equations; and • demand to be met from <i>supply</i> in adjacent <i>regions</i> as determined by the <i>PASA</i> algorithm. |
| LCR | Largest credible risk – see section 4 |
| LCR2 | Two largest credible risks – see section 4 |
| LOR | Lack of reserve (may be followed by a number corresponding with a reserve level defined in these Guidelines) |
| LOR assessment horizon | The period of time described in section 2(a) |
| LOR Load Shedding | The reduction or <i>disconnection</i> of <i>load</i> (other than <i>interruptible load</i>). |
| LOR1 threshold | The level of <i>capacity reserves</i> below which AEMO may declare an LOR1 condition – see section 2(d) |
| LOR2 threshold | The level of <i>capacity reserves</i> below which AEMO may declare an LOR2 condition – see section 2(c). |
| MW | Megawatts |
| MWh | Megawatt hours |
| NER | National Electricity Rules |
| Operational Demand | A quantity (in MW) determined by AEMO representing the instantaneous demand of <i>load</i> (other than <i>scheduled load</i>) to be supplied by <i>sent out generation</i> of <i>scheduled generating units</i> , <i>scheduled bidirectional units</i> , <i>semi-scheduled generating units</i> , and significant <i>non-scheduled generating units</i> . For further information about demand definitions see “Demand Terms in EMMS Data Model” on AEMO’s website |
| PD PASA | <i>PASA</i> in the <i>pre-dispatch</i> timeframe |
| RXS | Regional excess supply |
| RXS error | The expected difference between forecast RXS and actual RXS (see section 3.2) |
| Scheduled Demand | <p>The expected value of <i>regional</i> electricity demand (excluding <i>scheduled loads</i>) which will need to be met by supply from <i>scheduled generating units</i>, <i>scheduled bidirectional units</i> and <i>semi-scheduled generating units</i> in the <i>region</i> or from other <i>regions</i>. The value is determined by AEMO forecasting systems and considers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • customer <i>load</i>; • output of major <i>non-scheduled generating units</i>; and • output of <i>distribution connected units</i> including rooftop solar generation. |
| ST PASA | <i>Short term PASA</i> |

1.2.2. Interpretation

The following principles of interpretation apply to these Guidelines unless otherwise expressly indicated:

- (a) These Guidelines are subject to the principles of interpretation set out in Schedule 2 of the National Electricity Law.

- (b) References to time are references to Australian Eastern Standard Time.
- (c) The following mathematical notations used in formulae and equations have these meanings:
 - (i) MAX () means the maximum (or highest) of two or more values within the brackets,
 - (ii) '{ }', '()' and '[]' indicates that all calculations between a pair of brackets are to be performed separately from expressions outside the brackets. Different forms of brackets are used only for ease of matching the opening bracket with the corresponding closing bracket.

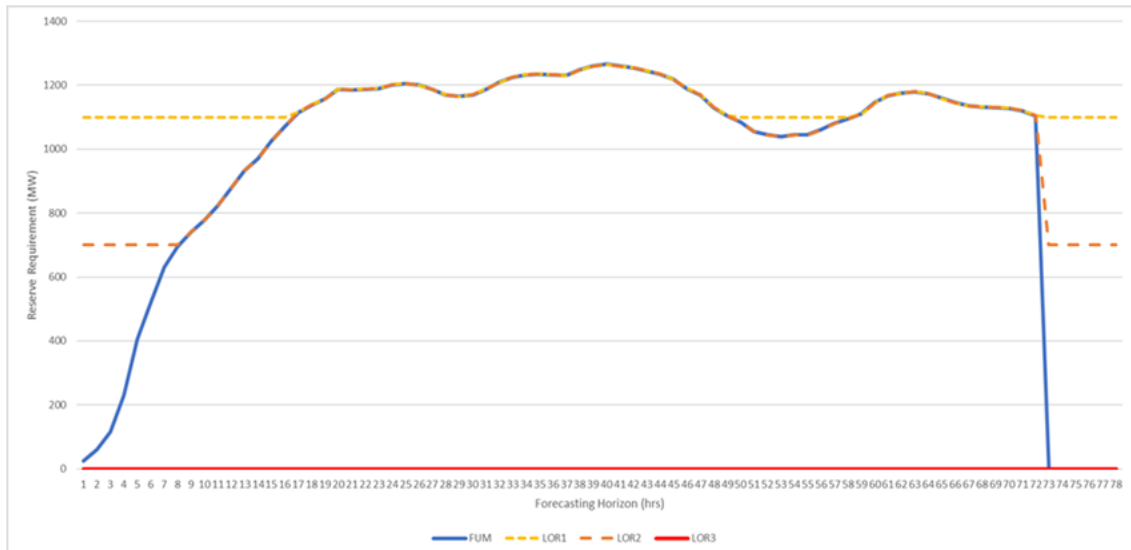
1.3. Related documents

| Title | Location |
|---|---|
| Reliability Standard Implementation Guidelines | https://aemo.com.au/en/energy-systems/electricity/national-electricity-market-nem/nem-forecasting-and-planning/forecasting-and-reliability/reliability-standard-implementation-guidelines |
| Short Term PASA Process Description | https://aemo.com.au/-/media/Files/Electricity/NEM/Planning_and_Forecasting/Solar-and-Wind/STPASAProcessDescriptionFinalpdf.pdf |
| Procedures for Issue of Directions and Clause 4.8.9 Instructions SO_OP_3707 | https://aemo.com.au/en/energy-systems/electricity/national-electricity-market-nem/system-operations/power-system-operation/power-system-operating-procedures |
| Procedure for the Exercise of the Reliability and Emergency Reserve Trader SO_OP_3717 | https://aemo.com.au/en/energy-systems/electricity/national-electricity-market-nem/system-operations/power-system-operation/power-system-operating-procedures |
| Procedure for Load Forecasting SO_OP_3710 | https://aemo.com.au/en/energy-systems/electricity/national-electricity-market-nem/system-operations/power-system-operation/power-system-operating-procedures |
| Demand Terms in EMMS Data Model | https://aemo.com.au/energy-systems/electricity/national-electricity-market-nem/system-operations/dispatch-information |
| Short Term Reserve Management procedure SO_OP_3703 | https://aemo.com.au/en/energy-systems/electricity/national-electricity-market-nem/system-operations/power-system-operation/power-system-operating-procedures |

2. Assessment and publication

- (a) AEMO assesses the probability of a shortfall in available *capacity reserves* leading to LOR Load Shedding in each *region* on a continuous basis, from the current time to the end of the period covered by the most recently *published* ST PASA. This is the LOR assessment horizon.
- (b) AEMO *publishes*, for each 30 minute period commencing on the hour and half-hour within the LOR assessment horizon, and for each *region*:
 - (i) the expected *capacity reserves* (in MW);
 - (ii) the LOR2 threshold (in MW) – see paragraph (c); and
 - (iii) the LOR1 threshold (in MW) – see paragraph (d).
- (c) The LOR2 threshold within the LOR assessment horizon is MAX (LCR, FUM).
- (d) The LOR1 threshold within the LOR assessment horizon is MAX (LCR2, FUM).

Figure 1 Schematic representation of LOR Formulation in circumstances of extreme FUM values – FUM reduces to 0 MW beyond 72 hrs forecast horizon



3. Forecast uncertainty measure (FUM)

See also Appendix A for more detail.

3.1. Forecast regional excess supply (RXS)

3.1.1. Mainland regions

For the New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia and Victoria *regions* RXS is defined below.

- (a) The following forecasts and measurements in each *region* for the LOR assessment horizon will be assessed in determining the value of RXS:
- (i) aggregate capacity of *scheduled generating units* and *scheduled bidirectional units* in the *region* (C), calculated as:
 - (A) Aggregate Non-Energy Limited Capacity, plus
 - (B) Aggregate Energy Limited Capacity, less
 - (C) Aggregate Semi-Scheduled Output;
 - (ii) Interconnector Support (IS);
 - (iii) Aggregate Semi-Scheduled Output (SS); and
 - (iv) Scheduled Demand (D).
- (b) Forecast RXS for any time in the LOR assessment horizon is determined by the formula:
- $$\text{RXS} = \text{C} + \text{IS} + \text{SS} - \text{D}.$$

3.1.2. Tasmania

For the Tasmania *region* RXS is defined below.

- (a) The following forecasts and measurements in each *region* for the LOR assessment horizon will be assessed in determining the value of RXS:
 - (i) *available capacity of scheduled generating units and scheduled bidirectional units* (A);
 - (ii) *unconstrained intermittent generation forecasts* (B); and
 - (iii) Scheduled Demand (C).
- (b) Forecast RXS for any time in the LOR assessment horizon is determined by the formula $RXS = A + B - C$.

The RXS definition for Tasmania excludes components which are affected as an unintended consequence of a *network constraint* that requires Tasmania to export. When this condition occurs, it results in excessive errors in the Interconnector Support and Aggregate Non-Energy Limited Capacity components, which would cause erroneous RXS values if the RXS definition for Tasmania were to include these components.

3.2. Determining RXS error distribution

- (a) $RXS\ Error = Forecast\ RXS - Actual\ RXS$ for a particular forecast and a point in time.
- (b) AEMO collects, stores and updates historical statistical data on RXS error, in different *power system*, ambient weather and other relevant conditions.
- (c) At the time of assessment, AEMO applies the historical data and the conditions expected for the relevant period in the LOR assessment horizon, as illustrated in Appendix A, to determine a distribution of error (RXS error) across all forecasts within the first 72 hours of the LOR assessment horizon. The input states that will be taken into account in developing the distribution will be:
 - (i) forecast lead time;
 - (ii) forecast dry bulb temperature at the reference weather station within the *region*¹;
 - (iii) forecast solar irradiance at the reference weather station within the *region*;
 - (iv) current demand forecast error for forecast lead times below 24 hours;
 - (v) forecast of Aggregate Semi-Scheduled Output;
 - (vi) current supply mix for coal, gas² and hydro; and
 - (vii) timestamp.

¹ For the reference weather stations refer to SO_OP_3710 – Load Forecasting procedure (found at <http://www.aemo.com.au/Electricity/National-Electricity-Market-NEM/Security-and-reliability/Power-system-operation/Power-system-operating-procedures>).

² Gas covers natural gas, diesel, fuel oil, and kerosene.

3.3. FUM calculation

- (a) The FUM for a *region*, point in time and set of expected conditions, is the number of MWs representing the quantity of RXS for which AEMO determines a specified confidence level of the RXS error not exceeding that number of MWs.
- (b) Confidence levels are determined in accordance with section 3.4 and are set out in Appendix B.
- (c) FUM will be determined using the RXS error for the first 72 hours of the LOR assessment horizon. For the remainder of the assessment horizon a static value of 0 MW will be used for FUM.

3.4. Confidence levels for determining FUM

- (a) The confidence level used in determining FUM is to be set at a level that *AEMO* reasonably expects to achieve an appropriate balance between:
 - (i) reducing the chance of a situation where LOR Load Shedding arises due to lack of action by *AEMO* as a result of reserve forecasting error; and
 - (ii) increasing the likelihood of unnecessary declarations due to an overly conservative
- (b) The confidence levels will also be selected to:
 - (i) decrease monotonically, where appropriate, with increasing forecasting horizon; and
 - (ii) be consistent across *regions* for the same forecasting horizon where this can be done whilst still reasonably satisfying the other selection criteria.
- (c) To achieve this balance, different confidence levels may be required for each *region* and for each forecast timeframe within the LOR assessment horizon.
- (d) The current confidence levels are specified in Appendix B.
- (e) *AEMO* must review the confidence levels at least annually to determine whether or not they are still achieving the appropriate balance indicated in paragraph (a).
- (f) *AEMO* must publish the results of its review and, if *AEMO* concluded that no change should be made to the current confidence levels, must include reasons for that conclusion.

Note: If *AEMO* proposes to change the confidence levels, it is required to consult on an amendment to these Guidelines in accordance with NER clause 4.8.4A(e).

3.5. Reasonability limits for FUM values

- (a) Before the FUM value is used to calculate LOR levels (refer to section 5), the calculated FUM value will be subject to a reasonability check, intended to prevent an unrealistic LOR level being determined due to mal-operation of *AEMO* systems.
- (b) For this purpose *AEMO* will set upper/lower and delta raise/lower reasonability limits, which may vary between *regions* and forecasting timeframes, and will be revised as *AEMO* considers necessary. If *AEMO* revises the reasonability limits, *AEMO* must publish the revised limits and inform the market via a market notice.

- (c) The upper/lower reasonability limits provide a cap or floor on the FUM value used to calculate LOR levels. The delta raise/lower reasonability limits implement a rate-of-change cap to limit the difference in FUM values for the same *30-minute period* from consecutive runs.
- (d) The current upper/lower and delta raise/lower reasonability limits are specified in Appendix C.

4. Credible contingency sizes

- (a) AEMO determines the size of the two largest relevant *credible contingency events* that could affect the available *supply* of electricity for each *region* from time to time³. These will generally be determined automatically, consistent with a list of relevant *credible contingency events* to be published by AEMO on its website alongside these Guidelines.
- (b) AEMO then determines the reduction in *capacity reserves* expected to result in that *region* from the occurrence of:
 - (i) the single largest of those relevant *credible contingency events* (LCR) (in MW); and
 - (ii) both of the two largest *credible contingency events*, assuming they occur consecutively with sufficient time to return the *power system* to a *secure operating state* prior to the second event (LCR2) (in MW).
- (c) The temporary reclassification of a *non-credible contingency event* may affect the size of the largest or second largest *credible contingency event* in a *region* at any time. In accordance with the NER and AEMO's normal procedures, AEMO issues a market notice when reclassification occurs.
- (d) If other unusual temporary operating conditions result in situations that require manual specification of LCR and LCR2 levels, AEMO will inform *Market Participants* by issuing a market notice.
- (e) On infrequent occasions the list of relevant *credible contingency events* may need to be revised if new classes of events need to be added or existing classes revised. If this occurs, AEMO will update the published list as soon as reasonably practicable.

5. Description of reserve levels

5.1. General

- (a) AEMO will declare LOR conditions when it determines there is a non-remote probability of LOR Load Shedding due to a shortfall of available *capacity reserves* at a given time in the

³ In determining the size of a *credible contingency event* for this purpose, AEMO considers both the actual loss of *dispatched* energy and the reduction in available *reserves*. For a contingency involving an *interconnector* element, the lower value of the reduction in *power transfer capability* of the *interconnector* in the relevant direction and the spare *generation reserves* in the sending end *region* will be considered.

LOR assessment horizon, by reference to the criteria described in this section for levels LOR3, LOR2 and LOR1. This is shown in Figure 1.

- (b) In some cases where published forecast *capacity reserves* are below these LOR levels, AEMO may decide not to declare an LOR condition. Examples of such circumstances include:
 - (i) clearly incorrect PASA results due to software issues or incorrect performance of *network constraint* equations; or
 - (ii) situations where the shortfall is clearly transient and will be resolved through normal *dispatch* processes without presenting an ongoing threat to reliability of *supply*, and in those circumstances AEMO will issue a market notice to explain why it has not declared an LOR condition.

5.2. LOR3

LOR3 will be declared for a *region(s)*:

- (a) when LOR Load Shedding is occurring as a result of a shortfall of available *capacity reserves* (actual LOR3); or
- (b) for a period within the LOR assessment horizon when the forecast of available *capacity reserves* in the ST PASA or PD PASA is at or below zero (forecast LOR3).

5.3. LOR2

LOR2 will be declared for a *region(s)*:

- (a) when the occurrence of the largest relevant *credible contingency event* would result in LOR Load Shedding as a result of a shortfall of available *capacity reserves* (actual LOR2); or
- (b) for a period within the LOR assessment horizon when the forecast of available *capacity reserves* in the ST PASA or PD PASA is less than LCR (forecast LOR2); or
- (c) for a period within the LOR assessment horizon when the forecast of available *capacity reserves* in the ST PASA or PD PASA is less than FUM for the relevant period and *region* (forecast LOR2).

5.4. LOR1

LOR1 will be declared for a *region(s)*:

- (a) when the consecutive occurrence of both the largest and the second largest relevant *credible contingency events* (as described in section 4(b)(b)(ii)) would result in LOR Load Shedding occurring as a result of a shortfall of available *capacity reserves* (actual LOR1); or
- (b) for a period within the LOR assessment horizon when the forecast of available *capacity reserves* in the ST PASA or PD PASA is less than LCR2 (forecast LOR1); or

- (c) for a period within the LOR assessment horizon when the forecast of available *capacity reserves* in the ST PASA or PD PASA is less than FUM for the relevant period and *region* (forecast LOR1).

Appendix A. Forecast uncertainty error methodology

This Appendix describes how the historical forecasting data is analysed under different prevailing conditions in order to estimate the combined forecasting error.

A.1 Sources of error

A.1.1 Aggregate non-energy limited capacity

This value is the total aggregate contribution to supply determined by the *PASA* process from *scheduled generating units*, *scheduled bidirectional units* and *semi-scheduled generating units* for which no *daily energy constraint* has been specified in ST *PASA* and PD *PASA* submissions. The calculation of this value considers the forecast *available capacity* as specified by *Scheduled Generators* and *Scheduled Integrated Resource Providers*, the *network* limitations as specified by *AEMO* through *network constraint* equations, and *AEMO*-produced *unconstrained intermittent generation forecasts* for *semi-scheduled generating units*. Each of these components is a potential significant source of forecasting error.

A.1.2 Aggregate energy limited capacity

This value is the total aggregate contribution to supply determined by the *PASA* process from *scheduled generating units* and *scheduled bidirectional units* for which a *daily energy constraint* has been specified in ST *PASA* and PD *PASA* submissions. The calculation of this value considers the forecast *available capacity* as specified by *Scheduled Generators* and *Scheduled Integrated Resource Providers*, the forecast *daily energy constraint* as specified by *Scheduled Generators* and *Scheduled Integrated Resource Providers*, the optimisation of energy limited capacity through the *PASA* algorithm, and the *network* limitations as specified by *AEMO* through *network constraint* equations. Each of these components is a potential significant source of forecasting error.

A.1.3 Aggregate semi-scheduled output

This value is the total aggregate forecast output of *semi-scheduled generating units* in the *region* determined by the *PASA* process. The calculation of this value considers the *AEMO*-produced *unconstrained intermittent generation forecasts* for *semi-scheduled generating units*, estimate of *available capacity* for each *Semi-Scheduled Generator*⁴, and the *network* limitations as specified by *AEMO* through *network constraint* equations. Each of these components is a potential significant source of forecasting error.

⁴ <https://aemo.com.au/energy-systems/electricity/national-electricity-market-nem/nem-forecasting-and-planning/operational-forecasting/solar-and-wind-energy-forecasting/updates-and-initiatives/enablement-of-bid-max-avail-for-semi-scheduled-generators>

A.1.4 Interconnector support

This value is the maximum *supply* to the *region* available from adjacent *regions* after the demand to be met from *supply* is satisfied in the adjacent *region* as determined by the *PASA* process. The calculation of this value considers the *network* limitations as specified by *AEMO* through *network constraint* equations, and the demand to be met from *supply* in adjacent *regions* as determined by the *PASA* algorithm. Each of these components is a potential significant source of forecasting error.

A.1.5 Available capacity of scheduled generating units and scheduled bidirectional units

Every *Scheduled Generator* and *Scheduled Integrated Resource Provider* is required to submit an estimate of *available capacity* of each *scheduled generating unit* and *scheduled bidirectional unit* for each *30-minute period* for the next 8 days. This provides *AEMO* with an estimate of how much *generation* is available for *dispatch* and may be updated at any time up to the point of *dispatch*. This variation is a potential significant source of forecasting error.

A.1.6 Unconstrained intermittent generation forecast

AEMO produces a *generation* forecast for every *semi-scheduled generating unit* and large *intermittent non-scheduled generating unit* through its *AWEFS* and *ASEFS*. These forecasts are a potential significant source of forecasting error.

In some situations these *generating units* may be subject to *constraints*. This is a rare situation, and in *30-minute periods* where this occurred, the relevant *generating units* were simply removed from the *RXS* calculation.

A.1.7 Scheduled demand

AEMO currently produces *Scheduled Demand* forecasts at a *regional* level. The demand forecast considers customer *load*, the output of major *non-scheduled generating units* and the output of *distribution connected units* including rooftop solar generation. Each of these components is a potential significant source of forecasting error.

A.2 Quantile Regression

Typical regression algorithms aim to predict the mean value of a response variable given a set of predictor variables, whereas quantile regression aims to predict the median or an arbitrary quantile (e.g. 95th percentile). This is achieved by modifying the loss function assigning unequal weights to the residuals that are either overpredictions or underpredictions. This approach allows quantile regression to provide estimates corresponding to different points in the distribution, such as the upper or lower bounds of a confidence interval for the response variable. Quantile regression can be performed by numerous machine learning algorithms including Linear Regression, Gradient Boosting Machines, Support Vector Machines and Neural Networks.

In the context of the *FUM*, the response (output) variable is the upper bound for the *RXS* error, and the predictor (input) variables are the following:

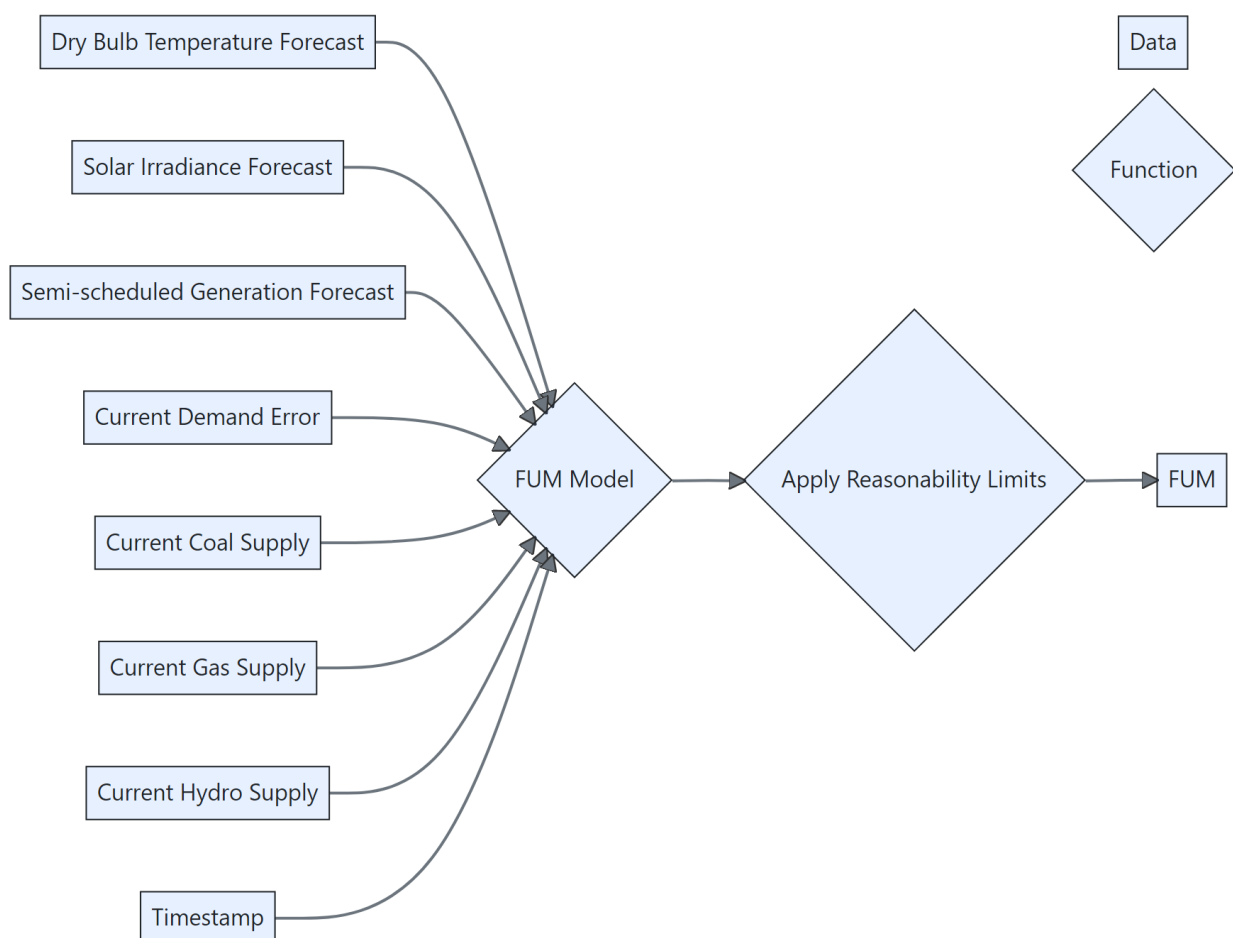
- (a) Forecast of dry bulb temperature

- (b) Solar irradiance forecast
- (c) Forecast output of *semi-scheduled generating units*
- (d) Current demand forecast error
- (e) Current supply mix for coal, gas and hydro
- (f) Timestamp

Previous assessments conducted in 2018 determined that the most significant prevailing conditions (the conditions that cause the largest change in forecasting uncertainty) are those listed (a) through (e). Assessments conducted in 2024 as part of the update to the FUM model (previously BBN) reaffirmed that these prevailing conditions continue to maintain significance in forecasting uncertainty. Additionally, Timestamp (variable (f)) was also assessed and yielded more similar results to the BBN than if not included in the Quantile Regression (QR) model, hence forming part of the final set of predictor (input) variables. The Timestamp variable incorporates seasonality on several timescales including, but not limited to, time of year (season), time of week, and time of day, when calculating the FUM.

Therefore, the QR model includes the temperature forecast, solar irradiance forecast, forecast output of *semi-scheduled generating units*, the current demand forecast error, the current supply mix for coal, gas and hydro, and timestamp as input data. This is shown in Figure 2 below.

Figure 2 A flow diagram depicting the inputs and outputs of the FUM model.



The QR model will be retrained on a quarterly basis using data from recent years deemed representative for today's system (typically five years), though data is available back to 2012 if required. At the time of retraining, additional data available since the last retraining will be added to the training data set. Any changes to forecasting systems which result in a change in any of the error distributions (for example, an upgrade to the forecasting system resulting in an improvement to forecasting accuracy) will be reflected in the QR model (and subsequent FUM values) following the next scheduled retraining.

Appendix B. Confidence levels

The confidence levels chosen for determination of FUM are as follows.

Table 1 Confidence levels for determination of FUM values

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (hours) | Confidence level |
|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| All | 0.5 to 72 | 95% |

Appendix C. Reasonability limits

The reasonability limits chosen and applied as reasonability checks on the FUM value (section 3.5) are as follows.

Table 2 Reasonability limits

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| NSW1 | 0.5 | 0 | 759.2 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 1 | 0 | 889.1 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 1.5 | 0 | 1019 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 2 | 0 | 1105.05 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 2.5 | 0 | 1191.1 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 3 | 0 | 1256.85 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 3.5 | 0 | 1322.6 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 4 | 0 | 1385.3 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 4.5 | 0 | 1448 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 5 | 0 | 1492.6 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 5.5 | 0 | 1537.2 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 6 | 0 | 1571.6 | 142 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 6.5 | 0 | 1606 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 7 | 0 | 1622.9 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 7.5 | 0 | 1639.8 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 8 | 0 | 1654.7 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 8.5 | 0 | 1669.6 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 9 | 0 | 1674.95 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 9.5 | 0 | 1680.3 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 10 | 0 | 1697.25 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 10.5 | 0 | 1714.2 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 11 | 0 | 1730.05 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 11.5 | 0 | 1745.9 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 12 | 0 | 1762.05 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 12.5 | 0 | 1778.2 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 13 | 0 | 1795.4 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 13.5 | 0 | 1812.6 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 14 | 0 | 1827.2 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 14.5 | 0 | 1841.8 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 15 | 0 | 1847.6 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 15.5 | 0 | 1853.4 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 16 | 0 | 1856.7 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 16.5 | 0 | 1860 | 38 | 19 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| NSW1 | 17 | 0 | 1881.4 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 17.5 | 0 | 1902.8 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 18 | 0 | 1917.25 | 38 | 19 |
| NSW1 | 18.5 | 0 | 1931.7 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 19 | 0 | 1941.75 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 19.5 | 0 | 1951.8 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 20 | 0 | 1974.9 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 20.5 | 0 | 1998 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 21 | 0 | 2013.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 21.5 | 0 | 2028.8 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 22 | 0 | 2053.35 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 22.5 | 0 | 2077.9 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 23 | 0 | 2092.8 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 23.5 | 0 | 2107.7 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 24 | 0 | 2122.5 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 24.5 | 0 | 2137.3 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 25 | 0 | 2149.25 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 25.5 | 0 | 2161.2 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 26 | 0 | 2177.95 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 26.5 | 0 | 2194.7 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 27 | 0 | 2205.75 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 27.5 | 0 | 2216.8 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 28 | 0 | 2224 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 28.5 | 0 | 2231.2 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 29 | 0 | 2243.7 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 29.5 | 0 | 2256.2 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 30 | 0 | 2260.8 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 30.5 | 0 | 2265.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 31 | 0 | 2268.3 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 31.5 | 0 | 2271.2 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 32 | 0 | 2277.25 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 32.5 | 0 | 2283.3 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 33 | 0 | 2288.85 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 33.5 | 0 | 2294.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 34 | 0 | 2297.3 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 34.5 | 0 | 2300.2 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 35 | 0 | 2303.75 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 35.5 | 0 | 2307.3 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 36 | 0 | 2311.75 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 36.5 | 0 | 2316.2 | 38 | 38 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| NSW1 | 37 | 0 | 2316.5 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 37.5 | 0 | 2316.8 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 38 | 0 | 2317.05 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 38.5 | 0 | 2317.3 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 39 | 0 | 2314.9 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 39.5 | 0 | 2312.5 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 40 | 0 | 2324.9 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 40.5 | 0 | 2337.3 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 41 | 0 | 2343.65 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 41.5 | 0 | 2350 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 42 | 0 | 2362.85 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 42.5 | 0 | 2375.7 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 43 | 0 | 2384.15 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 43.5 | 0 | 2392.6 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 44 | 0 | 2399.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 44.5 | 0 | 2628.2 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 45 | 0 | 2632.2 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 45.5 | 0 | 2635.7 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 46 | 0 | 2639.2 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 46.5 | 0 | 2644.15 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 47 | 0 | 2649.1 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 47.5 | 0 | 2650.75 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 48 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 48.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 49 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 49.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 50 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 50.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 51 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 51.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 52 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 52.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 53 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 53.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 54 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 54.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 55 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 55.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 56 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 56.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| NSW1 | 57 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 57.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 58 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 58.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 59 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 59.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 60 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 60.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 61 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 61.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 62 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 62.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 63 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 63.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 64 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 64.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 65 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 65.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 66 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 66.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 67 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 67.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 68 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 68.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 69 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 69.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 70 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 70.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 71 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 71.5 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| NSW1 | 72 | 0 | 2652.4 | 38 | 38 |
| QLD1 | 0.5 | 0 | 746.8 | 90 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 1 | 0 | 838.85 | 90 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 1.5 | 0 | 930.9 | 90 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 2 | 0 | 981.35 | 90 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 2.5 | 0 | 1031.8 | 90 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 3 | 0 | 1054.6 | 90 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 3.5 | 0 | 1077.4 | 90 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 4 | 0 | 1108.9 | 90 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 4.5 | 0 | 1140.4 | 90 | 12 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| QLD1 | 5 | 0 | 1156.2 | 90 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 5.5 | 0 | 1172 | 90 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 6 | 0 | 1178.45 | 90 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 6.5 | 0 | 1184.9 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 7 | 0 | 1182.3 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 7.5 | 0 | 1179.7 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 8 | 0 | 1163.1 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 8.5 | 0 | 1146.5 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 9 | 0 | 1121.7 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 9.5 | 0 | 1096.9 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 10 | 0 | 1103.3 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 10.5 | 0 | 1109.7 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 11 | 0 | 1120.8 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 11.5 | 0 | 1131.9 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 12 | 0 | 1143 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 12.5 | 0 | 1154.1 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 13 | 0 | 1163.2 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 13.5 | 0 | 1172.3 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 14 | 0 | 1178 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 14.5 | 0 | 1183.7 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 15 | 0 | 1191.5 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 15.5 | 0 | 1199.3 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 16 | 0 | 1206.6 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 16.5 | 0 | 1213.9 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 17 | 0 | 1218 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 17.5 | 0 | 1222.1 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 18 | 0 | 1231.3 | 24 | 12 |
| QLD1 | 18.5 | 0 | 1240.5 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 19 | 0 | 1249.15 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 19.5 | 0 | 1257.8 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 20 | 0 | 1265.5 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 20.5 | 0 | 1273.2 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 21 | 0 | 1272.05 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 21.5 | 0 | 1270.9 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 22 | 0 | 1276.55 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 22.5 | 0 | 1282.2 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 23 | 0 | 1286.85 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 23.5 | 0 | 1291.5 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 24 | 0 | 1294.25 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 24.5 | 0 | 1297 | 24 | 24 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| QLD1 | 25 | 0 | 1299.6 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 25.5 | 0 | 1302.2 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 26 | 0 | 1305.75 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 26.5 | 0 | 1309.3 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 27 | 0 | 1313.8 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 27.5 | 0 | 1318.3 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 28 | 0 | 1323.65 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 28.5 | 0 | 1329 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 29 | 0 | 1338.8 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 29.5 | 0 | 1348.6 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 30 | 0 | 1351.25 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 30.5 | 0 | 1353.9 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 31 | 0 | 1358.7 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 31.5 | 0 | 1363.5 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 32 | 0 | 1366.95 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 32.5 | 0 | 1370.4 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 33 | 0 | 1371.75 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 33.5 | 0 | 1373.1 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 34 | 0 | 1373.95 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 34.5 | 0 | 1374.8 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 35 | 0 | 1378.25 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 35.5 | 0 | 1381.7 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 36 | 0 | 1383.75 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 36.5 | 0 | 1385.8 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 37 | 0 | 1388.05 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 37.5 | 0 | 1390.3 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 38 | 0 | 1393.15 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 38.5 | 0 | 1396 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 39 | 0 | 1404.8 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 39.5 | 0 | 1413.6 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 40 | 0 | 1423.2 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 40.5 | 0 | 1432.8 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 41 | 0 | 1438.75 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 41.5 | 0 | 1444.7 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 42 | 0 | 1446.7 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 42.5 | 0 | 1448.7 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 43 | 0 | 1450.35 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 43.5 | 0 | 1452 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 44 | 0 | 1452.9 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 44.5 | 0 | 1453.8 | 24 | 24 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| QLD1 | 45 | 0 | 1455.4 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 45.5 | 0 | 1457 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 46 | 0 | 1458.6 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 46.5 | 0 | 1460.2 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 47 | 0 | 1465.55 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 47.5 | 0 | 1470.9 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 48 | 0 | 1472.45 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 48.5 | 0 | 1474 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 49 | 0 | 1476.25 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 49.5 | 0 | 1478.5 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 50 | 0 | 1480.95 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 50.5 | 0 | 1483.4 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 51 | 0 | 1485.65 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 51.5 | 0 | 1487.9 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 52 | 0 | 1492.85 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 52.5 | 0 | 1497.8 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 53 | 0 | 1501.8 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 53.5 | 0 | 1505.8 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 54 | 0 | 1509.9 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 54.5 | 0 | 1514 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 55 | 0 | 1516.7 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 55.5 | 0 | 1519.4 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 56 | 0 | 1520.1 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 56.5 | 0 | 1520.8 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 57 | 0 | 1523.95 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 57.5 | 0 | 1527.1 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 58 | 0 | 1528.9 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 58.5 | 0 | 1530.7 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 59 | 0 | 1533.3 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 59.5 | 0 | 1535.9 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 60 | 0 | 1538.15 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 60.5 | 0 | 1540.4 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 61 | 0 | 1545.25 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 61.5 | 0 | 1550.1 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 62 | 0 | 1551 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 62.5 | 0 | 1551.9 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 63 | 0 | 1551.1 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 63.5 | 0 | 1550.3 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 64 | 0 | 1553.95 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 64.5 | 0 | 1557.6 | 24 | 24 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| QLD1 | 65 | 0 | 1559.85 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 65.5 | 0 | 1562.1 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 66 | 0 | 1562.55 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 66.5 | 0 | 1563 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 67 | 0 | 1565.85 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 67.5 | 0 | 1568.7 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 68 | 0 | 1569.65 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 68.5 | 0 | 1570.6 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 69 | 0 | 1571.9 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 69.5 | 0 | 1573.2 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 70 | 0 | 1574.6 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 70.5 | 0 | 1576 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 71 | 0 | 1577.3 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 71.5 | 0 | 1578.6 | 24 | 24 |
| QLD1 | 72 | 0 | 1578.6 | 24 | 24 |
| SA1 | 0.5 | 0 | 311.2 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 1 | 0 | 356.45 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 1.5 | 0 | 401.7 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 2 | 0 | 422.4 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 2.5 | 0 | 443.1 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 3 | 0 | 463.15 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 3.5 | 0 | 483.2 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 4 | 0 | 492.6 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 4.5 | 0 | 502 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 5 | 0 | 510.5 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 5.5 | 0 | 519 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 6 | 0 | 523.75 | 48 | 6 |
| SA1 | 6.5 | 0 | 528.5 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 7 | 0 | 536.2 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 7.5 | 0 | 543.9 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 8 | 0 | 555.35 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 8.5 | 0 | 566.8 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 9 | 0 | 571.95 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 9.5 | 0 | 577.1 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 10 | 0 | 576.1 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 10.5 | 0 | 575.1 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 11 | 0 | 578.6 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 11.5 | 0 | 582.1 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 12 | 0 | 587.6 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 12.5 | 0 | 593.1 | 13 | 6 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| SA1 | 13 | 0 | 600.2 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 13.5 | 0 | 607.3 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 14 | 0 | 610.8 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 14.5 | 0 | 614.3 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 15 | 0 | 616.2 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 15.5 | 0 | 618.1 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 16 | 0 | 620.2 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 16.5 | 0 | 622.3 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 17 | 0 | 627 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 17.5 | 0 | 631.7 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 18 | 0 | 635.05 | 13 | 6 |
| SA1 | 18.5 | 0 | 638.4 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 19 | 0 | 642.85 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 19.5 | 0 | 647.3 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 20 | 0 | 651.45 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 20.5 | 0 | 655.6 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 21 | 0 | 662 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 21.5 | 0 | 668.4 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 22 | 0 | 675.65 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 22.5 | 0 | 682.9 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 23 | 0 | 688.85 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 23.5 | 0 | 694.8 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 24 | 0 | 701.05 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 24.5 | 0 | 707.3 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 25 | 0 | 711.6 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 25.5 | 0 | 715.9 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 26 | 0 | 718.65 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 26.5 | 0 | 721.4 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 27 | 0 | 724.45 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 27.5 | 0 | 727.5 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 28 | 0 | 729.45 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 28.5 | 0 | 731.4 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 29 | 0 | 733.55 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 29.5 | 0 | 735.7 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 30 | 0 | 736.65 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 30.5 | 0 | 737.6 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 31 | 0 | 738.35 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 31.5 | 0 | 739.1 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 32 | 0 | 742.9 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 32.5 | 0 | 746.7 | 13 | 13 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| SA1 | 33 | 0 | 748.95 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 33.5 | 0 | 751.2 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 34 | 0 | 753.6 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 34.5 | 0 | 756 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 35 | 0 | 759.7 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 35.5 | 0 | 763.4 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 36 | 0 | 766.35 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 36.5 | 0 | 769.3 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 37 | 0 | 772.85 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 37.5 | 0 | 776.4 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 38 | 0 | 778.65 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 38.5 | 0 | 780.9 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 39 | 0 | 794.55 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 39.5 | 0 | 808.2 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 40 | 0 | 810.35 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 40.5 | 0 | 812.5 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 41 | 0 | 814.3 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 41.5 | 0 | 816.1 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 42 | 0 | 816.85 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 42.5 | 0 | 817.6 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 43 | 0 | 820.65 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 43.5 | 0 | 823.7 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 44 | 0 | 824.9 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 44.5 | 0 | 826.1 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 45 | 0 | 827.2 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 45.5 | 0 | 828.3 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 46 | 0 | 829.35 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 46.5 | 0 | 830.4 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 47 | 0 | 830.25 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 47.5 | 0 | 830.1 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 48 | 0 | 830.95 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 48.5 | 0 | 831.8 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 49 | 0 | 831.9 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 49.5 | 0 | 832 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 50 | 0 | 821.05 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 50.5 | 0 | 810.1 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 51 | 0 | 824.8 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 51.5 | 0 | 839.5 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 52 | 0 | 840 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 52.5 | 0 | 840.5 | 13 | 13 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| SA1 | 53 | 0 | 842 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 53.5 | 0 | 843.5 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 54 | 0 | 845.3 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 54.5 | 0 | 847.1 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 55 | 0 | 846.9 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 55.5 | 0 | 846.7 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 56 | 0 | 846.55 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 56.5 | 0 | 846.4 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 57 | 0 | 846.95 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 57.5 | 0 | 847.5 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 58 | 0 | 846.3 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 58.5 | 0 | 845.1 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 59 | 0 | 842.9 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 59.5 | 0 | 840.7 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 60 | 0 | 841.75 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 60.5 | 0 | 842.8 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 61 | 0 | 844.1 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 61.5 | 0 | 845.4 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 62 | 0 | 846.75 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 62.5 | 0 | 848.1 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 63 | 0 | 852.6 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 63.5 | 0 | 857.1 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 64 | 0 | 860.95 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 64.5 | 0 | 864.8 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 65 | 0 | 869.3 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 65.5 | 0 | 873.8 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 66 | 0 | 874.95 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 66.5 | 0 | 876.1 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 67 | 0 | 878.25 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 67.5 | 0 | 880.4 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 68 | 0 | 881.5 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 68.5 | 0 | 882.6 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 69 | 0 | 884.9 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 69.5 | 0 | 887.2 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 70 | 0 | 888.5 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 70.5 | 0 | 889.8 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 71 | 0 | 890.15 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 71.5 | 0 | 890.5 | 13 | 13 |
| SA1 | 72 | 0 | 890.5 | 13 | 13 |
| TAS1 | 0.5 | 0 | 199.1 | 37 | 5 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| TAS1 | 1 | 0 | 216.1 | 37 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 1.5 | 0 | 233.1 | 37 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 2 | 0 | 244.9 | 37 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 2.5 | 0 | 256.7 | 37 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 3 | 0 | 262.15 | 37 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 3.5 | 0 | 267.6 | 37 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 4 | 0 | 270.95 | 37 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 4.5 | 0 | 274.3 | 37 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 5 | 0 | 277 | 37 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 5.5 | 0 | 279.7 | 37 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 6 | 0 | 282.1 | 37 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 6.5 | 0 | 284.5 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 7 | 0 | 284.55 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 7.5 | 0 | 284.6 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 8 | 0 | 286.3 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 8.5 | 0 | 288 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 9 | 0 | 289.9 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 9.5 | 0 | 291.8 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 10 | 0 | 292.5 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 10.5 | 0 | 293.2 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 11 | 0 | 293.7 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 11.5 | 0 | 294.2 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 12 | 0 | 295.4 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 12.5 | 0 | 296.6 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 13 | 0 | 297.25 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 13.5 | 0 | 297.9 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 14 | 0 | 298.75 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 14.5 | 0 | 299.6 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 15 | 0 | 302.45 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 15.5 | 0 | 305.3 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 16 | 0 | 306.1 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 16.5 | 0 | 306.9 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 17 | 0 | 307.6 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 17.5 | 0 | 308.3 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 18 | 0 | 310.55 | 10 | 5 |
| TAS1 | 18.5 | 0 | 312.8 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 19 | 0 | 320.9 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 19.5 | 0 | 329 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 20 | 0 | 330.75 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 20.5 | 0 | 332.5 | 10 | 10 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| TAS1 | 21 | 0 | 334.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 21.5 | 0 | 336.1 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 22 | 0 | 337.05 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 22.5 | 0 | 338 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 23 | 0 | 339.7 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 23.5 | 0 | 341.4 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 24 | 0 | 342.05 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 24.5 | 0 | 342.7 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 25 | 0 | 343.35 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 25.5 | 0 | 344 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 26 | 0 | 345.35 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 26.5 | 0 | 346.7 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 27 | 0 | 347.6 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 27.5 | 0 | 348.5 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 28 | 0 | 348.85 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 28.5 | 0 | 349.2 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 29 | 0 | 350.05 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 29.5 | 0 | 350.9 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 30 | 0 | 351.05 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 30.5 | 0 | 351.2 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 31 | 0 | 352 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 31.5 | 0 | 352.8 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 32 | 0 | 354.05 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 32.5 | 0 | 355.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 33 | 0 | 356.7 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 33.5 | 0 | 358.1 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 34 | 0 | 359 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 34.5 | 0 | 359.9 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 35 | 0 | 361.25 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 35.5 | 0 | 362.6 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 36 | 0 | 364.6 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 36.5 | 0 | 366.6 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 37 | 0 | 368.05 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 37.5 | 0 | 369.5 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 38 | 0 | 370.1 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 38.5 | 0 | 370.7 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 39 | 0 | 368.6 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 39.5 | 0 | 366.5 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 40 | 0 | 369.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 40.5 | 0 | 372.1 | 10 | 10 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| TAS1 | 41 | 0 | 372.15 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 41.5 | 0 | 372.2 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 42 | 0 | 370.7 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 42.5 | 0 | 369.2 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 43 | 0 | 369.75 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 43.5 | 0 | 370.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 44 | 0 | 370.8 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 44.5 | 0 | 371.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 45 | 0 | 371.85 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 45.5 | 0 | 372.4 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 46 | 0 | 373 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 46.5 | 0 | 373.6 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 47 | 0 | 374.55 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 47.5 | 0 | 375.5 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 48 | 0 | 375.25 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 48.5 | 0 | 375 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 49 | 0 | 374.4 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 49.5 | 0 | 373.8 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 50 | 0 | 374.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 50.5 | 0 | 374.8 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 51 | 0 | 374.35 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 51.5 | 0 | 373.9 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 52 | 0 | 373.75 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 52.5 | 0 | 373.6 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 53 | 0 | 374.05 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 53.5 | 0 | 374.5 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 54 | 0 | 373.9 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 54.5 | 0 | 373.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 55 | 0 | 376.85 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 55.5 | 0 | 380.4 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 56 | 0 | 380.2 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 56.5 | 0 | 380 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 57 | 0 | 380.6 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 57.5 | 0 | 381.2 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 58 | 0 | 381.5 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 58.5 | 0 | 381.8 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 59 | 0 | 381.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 59.5 | 0 | 380.8 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 60 | 0 | 380.75 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 60.5 | 0 | 380.7 | 10 | 10 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| TAS1 | 61 | 0 | 379.8 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 61.5 | 0 | 378.9 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 62 | 0 | 379.5 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 62.5 | 0 | 380.1 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 63 | 0 | 380.5 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 63.5 | 0 | 380.9 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 64 | 0 | 381.7 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 64.5 | 0 | 382.5 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 65 | 0 | 383.4 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 65.5 | 0 | 384.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 66 | 0 | 384.15 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 66.5 | 0 | 384 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 67 | 0 | 384 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 67.5 | 0 | 384 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 68 | 0 | 384.1 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 68.5 | 0 | 384.2 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 69 | 0 | 384.75 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 69.5 | 0 | 385.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 70 | 0 | 385.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 70.5 | 0 | 385.3 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 71 | 0 | 385.25 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 71.5 | 0 | 385.2 | 10 | 10 |
| TAS1 | 72 | 0 | 385.2 | 10 | 10 |
| VIC1 | 0.5 | 0 | 547.9 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 1 | 0 | 648.1 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 1.5 | 0 | 748.3 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 2 | 0 | 817.4 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 2.5 | 0 | 886.5 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 3 | 0 | 935.85 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 3.5 | 0 | 985.2 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 4 | 0 | 1028.65 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 4.5 | 0 | 1072.1 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 5 | 0 | 1116.15 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 5.5 | 0 | 1160.2 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 6 | 0 | 1200.7 | 93 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 6.5 | 0 | 1241.2 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 7 | 0 | 1271.7 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 7.5 | 0 | 1302.2 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 8 | 0 | 1292.85 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 8.5 | 0 | 1283.5 | 25 | 12 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| VIC1 | 9 | 0 | 1303 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 9.5 | 0 | 1322.5 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 10 | 0 | 1335.1 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 10.5 | 0 | 1347.7 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 11 | 0 | 1350.5 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 11.5 | 0 | 1353.3 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 12 | 0 | 1364.3 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 12.5 | 0 | 1375.3 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 13 | 0 | 1378.75 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 13.5 | 0 | 1382.2 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 14 | 0 | 1373.3 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 14.5 | 0 | 1364.4 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 15 | 0 | 1376.8 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 15.5 | 0 | 1389.2 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 16 | 0 | 1394.75 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 16.5 | 0 | 1400.3 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 17 | 0 | 1409.9 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 17.5 | 0 | 1419.5 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 18 | 0 | 1421 | 25 | 12 |
| VIC1 | 18.5 | 0 | 1422.5 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 19 | 0 | 1428.7 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 19.5 | 0 | 1434.9 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 20 | 0 | 1441.1 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 20.5 | 0 | 1447.3 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 21 | 0 | 1456.45 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 21.5 | 0 | 1465.6 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 22 | 0 | 1469.75 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 22.5 | 0 | 1473.9 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 23 | 0 | 1478.45 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 23.5 | 0 | 1483 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 24 | 0 | 1487.3 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 24.5 | 0 | 1491.6 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 25 | 0 | 1498 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 25.5 | 0 | 1504.4 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 26 | 0 | 1509.35 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 26.5 | 0 | 1514.3 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 27 | 0 | 1512.35 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 27.5 | 0 | 1510.4 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 28 | 0 | 1514.45 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 28.5 | 0 | 1518.5 | 25 | 25 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| VIC1 | 29 | 0 | 1525.4 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 29.5 | 0 | 1532.3 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 30 | 0 | 1535.15 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 30.5 | 0 | 1538 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 31 | 0 | 1541.3 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 31.5 | 0 | 1544.6 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 32 | 0 | 1551 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 32.5 | 0 | 1557.4 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 33 | 0 | 1559.95 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 33.5 | 0 | 1562.5 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 34 | 0 | 1565.55 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 34.5 | 0 | 1568.6 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 35 | 0 | 1567.8 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 35.5 | 0 | 1567 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 36 | 0 | 1566.1 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 36.5 | 0 | 1565.2 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 37 | 0 | 1559.65 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 37.5 | 0 | 1554.1 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 38 | 0 | 1544.05 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 38.5 | 0 | 1534 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 39 | 0 | 1537.65 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 39.5 | 0 | 1541.3 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 40 | 0 | 1551.45 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 40.5 | 0 | 1561.6 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 41 | 0 | 1571.35 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 41.5 | 0 | 1581.1 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 42 | 0 | 1591.9 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 42.5 | 0 | 1602.7 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 43 | 0 | 1604.7 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 43.5 | 0 | 1606.7 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 44 | 0 | 1611.1 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 44.5 | 0 | 1615.5 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 45 | 0 | 1618.4 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 45.5 | 0 | 1621.3 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 46 | 0 | 1628.45 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 46.5 | 0 | 1635.6 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 47 | 0 | 1639.75 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 47.5 | 0 | 1643.9 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 48 | 0 | 1648.7 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 48.5 | 0 | 1653.5 | 25 | 25 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| VIC1 | 49 | 0 | 1654 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 49.5 | 0 | 1654.5 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 50 | 0 | 1656.9 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 50.5 | 0 | 1659.3 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 51 | 0 | 1658.25 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 51.5 | 0 | 1657.2 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 52 | 0 | 1658.85 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 52.5 | 0 | 1660.5 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 53 | 0 | 1661.65 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 53.5 | 0 | 1662.8 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 54 | 0 | 1677 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 54.5 | 0 | 1691.2 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 55 | 0 | 1698.35 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 55.5 | 0 | 1705.5 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 56 | 0 | 1710.55 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 56.5 | 0 | 1715.6 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 57 | 0 | 1721.2 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 57.5 | 0 | 1726.8 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 58 | 0 | 1731.9 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 58.5 | 0 | 1737 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 59 | 0 | 1738.9 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 59.5 | 0 | 1740.8 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 60 | 0 | 1743.95 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 60.5 | 0 | 1747.1 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 61 | 0 | 1751.05 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 61.5 | 0 | 1755 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 62 | 0 | 1756.3 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 62.5 | 0 | 1757.6 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 63 | 0 | 1762.75 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 63.5 | 0 | 1767.9 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 64 | 0 | 1771.5 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 64.5 | 0 | 1775.1 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 65 | 0 | 1777.1 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 65.5 | 0 | 1779.1 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 66 | 0 | 1779.15 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 66.5 | 0 | 1779.2 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 67 | 0 | 1786.75 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 67.5 | 0 | 1794.3 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 68 | 0 | 1794 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 68.5 | 0 | 1793.7 | 25 | 25 |

| Region(s) | Forecasting horizon (Hrs) | Lower reasonability limit | Upper reasonability limit | Delta lower reasonability limit | Delta raise reasonability limit |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| VIC1 | 69 | 0 | 1791.85 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 69.5 | 0 | 1790 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 70 | 0 | 1791.6 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 70.5 | 0 | 1793.2 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 71 | 0 | 1796.55 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 71.5 | 0 | 1799.9 | 25 | 25 |
| VIC1 | 72 | 0 | 1799.9 | 25 | 25 |

Version release history

| Version | Effective date | Summary of changes |
|---------|------------------|--|
| 2.1 | 12 December 2018 | AEMO delayed the deployment of the IT system changes to 12 December 2018 as a result of forecast conditions. A minor formatting correction in Table 2, Appendix C. |
| 2.0 | 6 December 2018 | Update following consultation with changes to the definition of RXS, the inputs used to determine the prevailing conditions, and the confidence levels used to determine the FUM. The document style has been updated to the latest AEMO branding. |
| 1.0 | 16 January 2018 | First issue for National Electricity Amendment (Declaration of lack of reserve conditions) Rule 2017 |